# How Oracle Came to Rule the Database World Oregon and Southern Washington OUG 2010



# Rich Niemiec, Rolta TUSC



www.tusc.com

(Special Thanks: Andy Mendelsohn, Ken Jacobs, Judith Sim, John Wasserman, Brian Decker)



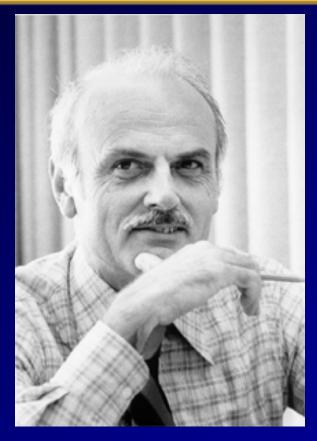
# Overview



- The Paper that started it all E. F. Codd
- System-R & Ingres
- Oracle is Founded as SDL
- V1-V11g
- Why did Oracle win?
- Future market direction
- Summary



# 1968: E. F. "Ted Codd" Invents Relational Theory in his mind





"The SEQUEL/DML paper got accepted to 1974 SIGMOD. Several years later I got a call from a guy named Larry Ellison who'd read that paper; he basically used some of the ideas from that paper to good advantage."

– Don Chamberlin, then IBM (SQL Reunion, 1995)



# 1970: Codd's Famous Paper

- In 1969, E.F. Codd publishes the internal version of his famous paper internally to IBM. (UNIX invented – Bell Labs)
- June 1970: Edgar "Ted" F. Codd publicly publishes the paper: A Relational Model of Data for Large Shared Data Banks (Pgs. 377-387)
  - Information should be stored in tables
  - IBM refuses to implement his model to preserve revenues of IMS/DB
  - Customers pressured IBM to build it (System-R project) and a relational language SEQUEL (Structured English Query Language later SQL). Oracle used pre-launch conference papers to write their own SQL & launched it first.

# 1970: Codd's Famous Paper

#### A Relational Model of Data for Large Shared Data Banks

#### E. F. Codd

Reprinted from Communications of the ACM, Vol. 13, No. 6, June 1970, pp. 377-387. Copyright © 1970, Association for Computing Machinery, Inc.

· 1. Relational Model and Normal Form

#### 1.3. A Relational View of Data

The term relation is used here in its accepted mathematical sense. Given sets  $S1, S1, \dots, Sn$ , (not necessarily distinct), R is a relation on these n sets if from S1, and so on. We shall refer to Sj as the jth domain of R. As defined above, R is said to have degree n. Relations of degree 1 are often called un

For expository reasons, we shall frequently make use of an array representation of relations, but it must be remembered that this particular representative represents an n-ary relation R has the following properties:

- 1. Each row represents an n-tuple of R.
- 2. The ordering of rows is immaterial.
- 3. All rows are distinct.
- The ordering of columns is significant it corresponds to the ordering S1, S1, ..., Sn of the domains on which R is defined (see, however, remark
- 5. The significance of each column is partially conveyed by labeling it with the name of the corresponding domain.

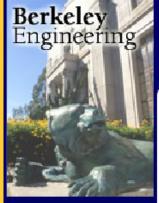
The example in <u>Figure 1</u> illustrates a relation of degree called supply, which reflects the shipments-in-progress of parts from specified suppliers to specified supplier part project quantity)

1	2	5	17
1	3	5	23
1 1 2 2 4	2 3 3 7	5 7 5	9
2	7	5	23 9 4
4	1	1	12

Figure 1. A relation of degree 4

### **INGRES – 1974**

# INteractive Graphics Retrieval System



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# Lab Notes

Research from the College of Engineering, University of California, Berkeley

1974: The release of INGRES and the birth of the database industry by David Pescovitz



Printer-friendly version

At the dawn of the digital age in the 1960s, large corporations began to migrate from paper records to digital files. The problem was that there was no easy way to find what you were looking for in the massive amounts of data stored. In the mid-1970s, UC Berkeley engineers pioneered a system to organize and access data that, in turn, spawned a \$7 billion dollar industry now driven by companies like Oracle, Microsoft and IBM.

In 1970, IBM researcher E. F. Codd published a seminal paper outlining a novel way to organize and access data. Codd's "relational model of data for large shared data banks" called for information to be stored in tables that could be searched using a high-level language. Instead of searching through one record at a time, the user could specify a single query that would be performed across all of the data. For example, the new approach would enable



Michael Stonebraker, co-inventor of the relational database.



# INGRES – 1974 INteractive Graphics Retrieval System

- 1972 Michael Stonebraker got a grant for a geo-query database system that would become INGRES
- Michael Stonebraker, Eugene "Gene" Wong & others including students coming and going work on INGRES
- Used QUEL instead of SQL
- In a 1976 paper at ACM, Stonebraker, Wong, Kreps & Held wrote a paper: "The Design and Implementation of INGRES." (34 Pages)
- Some hostility between Berkeley and IBM group.



# 1974+: POST-INGRES

- Berkeley students Jerry Held and Karel Youseffi went on to build NonStop SQL (Tandem) based on Ingres.
- Robert Epstein (chief programmer at Berkeley) along with students
   Paula Hawthorne, Mike Ubell and Eric Allman formed Sybase.
- Robert Epstein at Britton Lee (prior to Sybase) works on Intelligent Database Machine which includes functionality of database in a backend processor – Great grandfather of Teradata and Exadata.
- Sybase was licensed to Microsoft in 1992; re-branded SQL Server.
- Postgres (PostgreSQL 1996) is another Stonebraker project started in 1985. He decided to build a Post-Ingres database, again at Berkeley. The code base for Ingres & Postgres started and remain separate.



- "Larry called up from SDL. He had heard about the System R prototype and he wanted to make sure that his product was fully compatible with it, right down to the error code values. We went and asked Frank, if we can give our error codes to this guy Ellison and he said 'No' those are IBM Confidential"
  - Don Chamberlin, then IBM (SQL Reunion, 1995)
- "I remember until 1979 we were publishing everything that would come to our mind either implemented or not implemented, or dreamed of; and then all of the sudden there was a barrier."
  - Franco Putzolu, then IBM (SQL Reunion, 1995)



# Somewhere along the way... 1976

- "People should know that patents were basically prohibited. Patents at this time were prohibited by the company and the Supreme Court. Software patents."
  - Mike Blasgen, then IBM (SQL Reunion, 1995)
- "If we had not published those papers, it (SQL/Relational) would have failed. Now the reason it would have failed is that IBM would have ignored it."
  - Mike Blasgen, then IBM (SQL Reunion, 1995)

"I think there is a world market for maybe 5 computers."

- Thomas Watson, IBM Chairman 43



# 1977: Oracle Begins as SDL Software Development Laboratories



"In fact, when I started Oracle, the goal was never to have a large company. At best, I hoped we would have fifty people in the company and make a good living. About five years into the company, it became pretty clear that the horizons were unlimited. The only limitations were us."

- Larry Ellison (Nicole Ricci Interview, 1998)



## 1977: Relevant Pre-Oracle Events

- Prior to forming a company, Bob Miner & Larry Ellison were working for Ampex on a CIA project code-named "Oracle." Larry decided Bob Miner should be his boss since he didn't like his current boss.
- Ed Oates (the third founder) was walking by Bob's office when Larry mentioned his wife's name and it turned out to be Ed's lab partner in high school.
- Larry went to Precision Instruments and found out about a 400K project which was subsequently landed by the founders.
- When the company Software Development Labs (SDL) was formed, Bob Miner was the President as Larry was still at Precision Instruments. Bruce Scott (then 24 years old) was the first developer hired.
- They finished 90% of the work of the two year project in the first year and used the money to write the Oracle database in the second year.



## 1978: Relevant Pre-Oracle Events

- Bob wanted to use the 200K they had saved on an ISAM product for the PDP11. He thought an access layer was needed. Larry wasn't interested in that and had been following the System-R papers as well as E. F. Codd's original paper.
- Larry brought a paper on SEQUEL/2 and asked if Bob & Bruce could code it. They thought it would be easy enough.
- Bob Miner and Bruce Scott coded the new product while Ed finished the consulting project.
- In 1978, The CIA is first customer, yet the product is not released commercially as of yet.
- SDL changes its name to Relational Software Inc. (RSI)



"T've thought about this a lot. I really think that it was Larry. There were a lot of other databases (like Ingres) out there that we heat. It was really Larry's charisma, vision thing work no matter what. It's j you an example I tell people that had space allocated to us and we the computer room next door. V string the wiring. Larry picks up of the wall and says there you go. hole, make it happen somehow.

right time."

- Bruce Scott (Select Magazine Interview with Rich Niemiec, 2001)



The greater the difficulty, the more glory in surmounting it. Skillful pilots gain their reputation from storms and tempests.

-- Epictetus, Greek philosopher (c. 55-c. 135)





# Version 1

- There was no Version 1!
- There was never a plan for a Version 1.
- Larry didn't believe people would buy version 1 of a product.



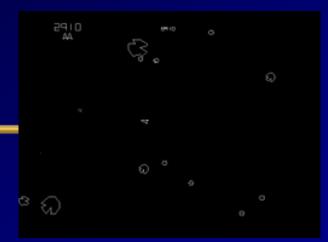
# 1979: Oracle Version 2 Competing with Hierarchical Databases



Does anyone ever ask for their money back? No, but they used to ask us for their DATA back.

- Larry Ellison (answering question during the early versions of Oracle )

# 1979: Version 2



- Written in Assembler Language for PDP-11.
- The first commercial version of the database is sold to Wright-Patterson Air Force Base in 1979.
- It would be the first commercial version of any relational database sold.
- 1982 RSI changes its name to Oracle Systems Corporation (OSC) and then simplifies the name to Oracle Corporation.
- 1981 The first tool, Interactive Application Facility (IAF), which is a predecessor to Oracle's future SQL\*Forms tool, is created.
- 1982 Sohaib Abbassi is hired out of the University of Illinois and heads the Developer Product which would become forms. (Oracle has 30 employees at the time and \$4M in Revenue).



ORACLE



# 1979/1980: SIGMOD Conference

"I remember seeing the Oracle system running for the first time. Larry knew about System R and about our work and he gave me a little demo. I was impressed, because it was obviously simple. It seemed fast. He loaded the database, queried it, and updated it, all in a few seconds. It was - I don't know how many - maybe five-hundred records. And it loaded instantly. The thing that impressed me the most was that it ran on a little PDP-11. The machine looked to be the size of a carton of cigarettes. It must have been an LSI-11 version of the machine, if my recollection of the size is correct. And System R at the time in most of our joint studies and at IBM was running on 168s. Now a 168 is only maybe the power of a 486DX2 or something, but the fact of the matter is it was a huge machine which would probably not fit in this room (water cooled)."

- Mike Blasgen, IBM System-R Team



# 1979/1980: SIGMOD Conference

"I thought, "Simple, fast, cheap; that's neat. People will buy it."

- Mike Blasgen, IBM System-R Team



# 1983: Version 3 Rewrite to C





We had our first user conference which drew 25-50 people and I thought...It's beginning to catch on."

- Bruce Scott (scott/tiger)



## 1983: Version 3

- Written in C for portability.
- Bob Miner is focused mostly on fixing a buggy Version 2 which is gaining customers.
- Bruce Scott is the main coder converting to C.
- The conversion is done but is very buggy.
- Bruce Scott leaves and eventually co-founds Gupta.
- Bob Miner is left to support Version 2 and finish fixing and writing Version 3.
- Version 3 is the FIRST 32-bit RDBMS.

# 1983 - 1984: Version 3 & 4

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#### Dear IBM, Old Orchard Road Armonia, NY 19394

Attached is a bleash check. I keep me ing that year in already assumenced that year in already assumenced that years againgt to assumence Set. In 1861-9 and the Pearward Spatian. / 2.

When you do, till in the check assume page to heart thous you accommisse in the past couple years.



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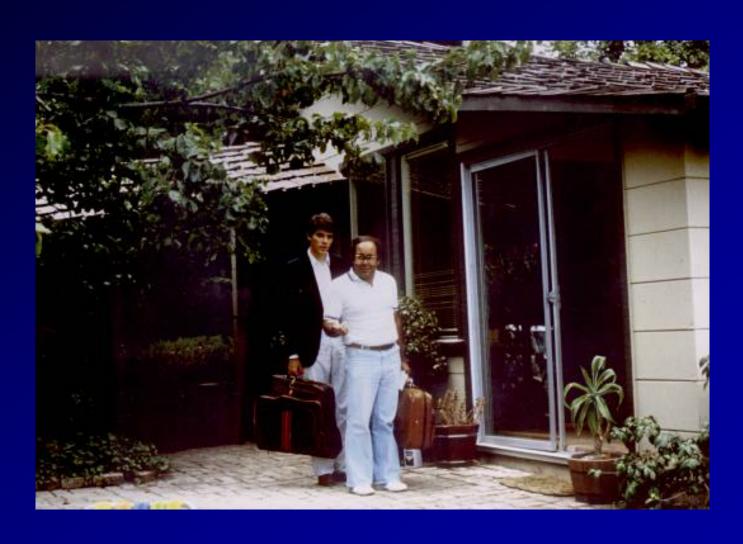
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1983 1984



# 1984: Version 4 Adding new tools





## 1984: Version 4

- Version 4 is the FIRST RDBMS with read consistency.
- Oracle is becoming stable and well known
- Oracle ported to PC Ashton Tate DBASE a huge competitor on PC.
- The forms product (IAP/IAG) includes a series of questions that are answered which generates a file which can be edited.
- Editing the .INP is a must & continues for several versions after the first despite a not so friendly user interface.
- Oracle is preparing for an IPO.
- Derry Kabcenell improves performance; Beats Ingres on WI benchmark
- Oracle Professional Services founded.

"And so I went to work at Oracle. It was funny, because when I got there, I'd come from IBM and Esvel, where the customer's data's sacred. The first day, walking down the hall, Ed Oates, one of our early employees, said "Oh, so-and-so's database got hosed again."

- Roger Bamford, (first day at Oracle 1984)



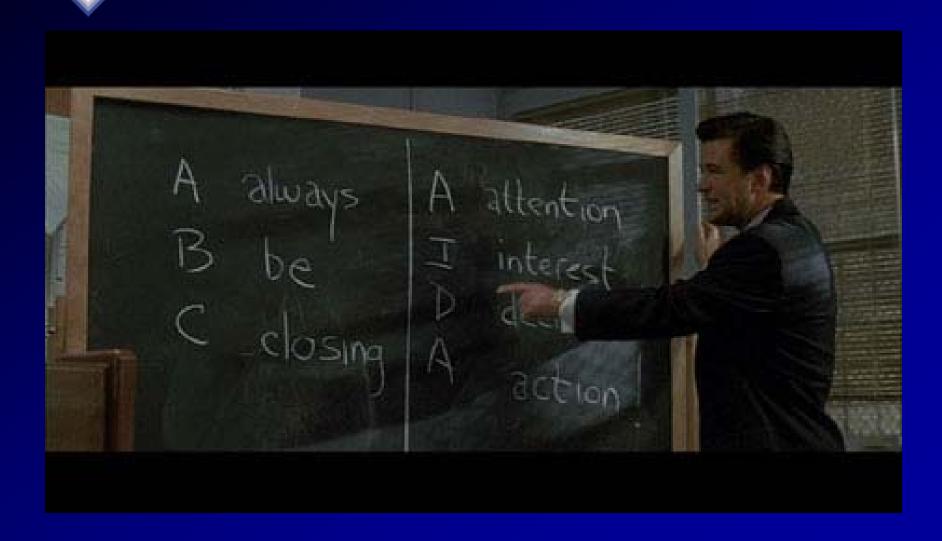
## On Sohaib Abbasi

• "They hired this guy - this is typical Oracle, actually - they hired this guy straight out of school; a smart guy; he'd done a little programming. And the first thing he did was the UFI thing, and then he built IAP, which is this forms-based application. Nobody at Oracle was held back by lack of experience."

- Roger Bamford, Oracle lead designer V6



# 1985: Oracle Version 5: Last version released before IPO





## 1985: Version 5

- Derry Kabcenell is the lead developer.
- Oracle is becoming mainstream on some platforms.
- Distributed Database & Decision Support
- 5.1 (1986) is the FIRST Distributed database on VMS/VAX (first hint of RAC thought process)
- The BI (Before Image) file for rollbacks.
- CCF (Create contiguous file) to add a DB file
- IOR W (Warm start the database)
- Oracle goes public in March 1986 after this release and has revenues of \$55M USD.

# 1986: BI for Version 5 (kind of...)





- SQL\*Calc for Lotus 1-2-3
- SQL\*Graph A DSS Information to display on line and bar charts 29







# March 4, 1986 – Sun (Stanford University Network)







# March 12, 1986 – Oracle





# ORCL IPO: Open:15 Close:20.75 Up 38%



# March 13, 1986 – Microsoft









# 10 Days to Invest in IPO's



- Did the proximity of these IPO's make a difference?
  - They were all pushing non-proprietary, open systems eventually that battled the mainframe.
  - Sun and the wave of other UNIX vendors certainly put wind in Oracle's sails.
  - Microsoft and Oracle had an eventual common foe in IBM.
  - Oracle was the common thread between all of them!
  - Oracle 50,000x growth since IPO!

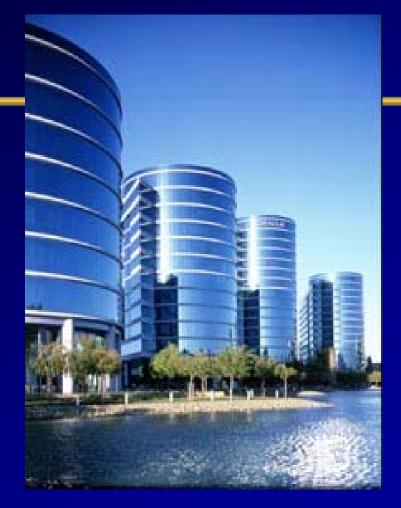


# 1987: Oracle Applications Practice

- It was a good year!
- Oracle is the now the largest DBMS company.
- Oracle Applications group started.
- First SMP (symmetrical multiprocessing) database introduced.
- Rich Niemiec along with Brad Brown and Joe Trezzo join Oracle and implement the first production client/server application running Oracle for NEC Corporation. It is a "souped-up" 286 machine with memory boards stacked on top of each other which require fans mounted on the wall blowing on the computer at all times.



1988: Version 6
Total Rewrite for
Transaction Processing



"There were user conferences where I thought I needed to wear a bulletproof vest. People were really upset with us."

- Randy Baker, Head of Oracle Support



### **1988: Version 6**

- "Rows in Versions 3 and 4 and 5 were concatenated in blocks - you know: byte, byte, byte, byte, byte, byte, byte ... with no index or anything. So if you wanted row sequence number twelve, you'd start at the beginning of the block, and you'd start scanning over columns, and rows ...; and eventually there'd you'd be, right where you were looking for. So how do you update a row and make one of the columns bigger? Well, you shift the rest of the block to the right ..."
  - Roger Bamford, Oracle lead designer V6

#### 1988-1990: Version 6

- Roger Bamford / Derry Kabcenell are co-lead developers.
- First version of V6 is a disaster, but later versions took the market by storm.
- Oracle is mainstream and in many major companies
- PL/SQL is introduced / Hot backup introduced
- Row Level Locking (Roger writes read consistency)!!!
- B-Tree indexes implemented (Andy Mendelsohn)!
- Oracle moves from Belmont to Redwood Shores
- First version of Clustering DEC/VMS only (V6.2)
- Oracle restates earnings and has to do layoffs (1990)
- Oracle hires Jeff Henley and Ray Lane (1990)



### Oracle passes the "ACID" test

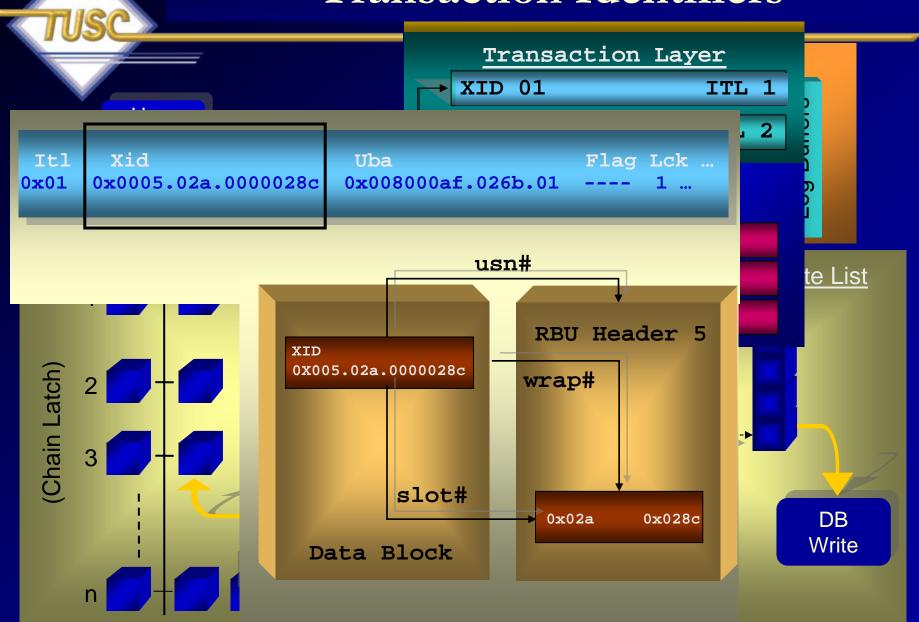
- Atomicity (for a transaction it all succeeds or it all fails)
- Consistency (transaction at a legal state when it begins & ends); can't break integrity constraints or rules.
- Isolation (Nobody sees changes in another session until those changes are committed – "serializable")
- Durability (Once committed, it stays committed! even if the database crashes – fast commits implemented by a quick write of transaction commit record to redo logs)

Oracle does not allow dirty reads (uncommitted data), the isolation level is "read committed."



- Multi-Version Concurrency Control allows for concurrent access to the database. Oracle Keys:
  - The ITL handles a lot of the DML coordination
  - Transaction ID's & SCN's are key to this process
  - No read/write conflicts
- Main Databases with a type of MVCC or (MCC)
  - Oracle
  - SQL Server 2005
  - MySQL with InnoDB tables, PostgreSQL
  - Readers don't block writers, writers don't block readers

### Transaction Identifiers



#### 1992: Version 7

#### Parallel Query, Triggers & Stored Procedures



"I admire risk takers. I like leaders – people who do things before

they become fashionable or popular. I find that kind of integrity inspirational."

LAWRENCE J. ELLISON | Chairman & Chief Executive Officer, 2003



#### **1992: Version 7**

- Stored Procedures
- Triggers
- Declarative Referential Integrity
- Security Features
- Parallel Query (7.3)
- Larry Ellison announces the Network Computer (1995) and the internet as a key Oracle strategy.



- 1993 Oracle GUI client/server development tools introduced.
- 1993 Oracle Applications moved from character mode to client/server.
- 1994 Bob Miner, the genius behind the Oracle database technology, dies of cancer.
- 1995 FIRST 64-bit database.
- 1995 Oracle.com offers free downloadable trial versions
- 1995 Oracle OLAP & Oracle Express Release 6
- 1996 Oracle 7.3 Released



#### 1995: Oracle's Focus on OLAP Evident

#### Oracle: #1 in OLAP, too.

In technology, market share and every other important measure, Oracle is the leader among open database vendors. And now that is true in OLAP too.

Features	Oracle	Sybose	Informix
Relational and Multidimensional Data	Express Server	No	No
OLAP Development Tools	Express Objects	No	No
OLA? Applications	Sales Analyzer Financial Analyzer	No	No
End-User OLAP Analysis Tools	Express Analyzer	No	Yes
Number of Databases Supported Directly		0	1-



On-Line Analytical Processing (OLAP) allows you to get real business benefit out of your corporate data. Oracle today offers the most comprehensive OLAP capabilities of any vendor. Critical features like whatif analysis, modelling and forecasting, intuitive data navigation,

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### 1998: Version 8i: The Internet Version



"If the internet turns out not to be the future of computing, we're toast. But if it is, we're golden."

- Larry Ellison, 1998

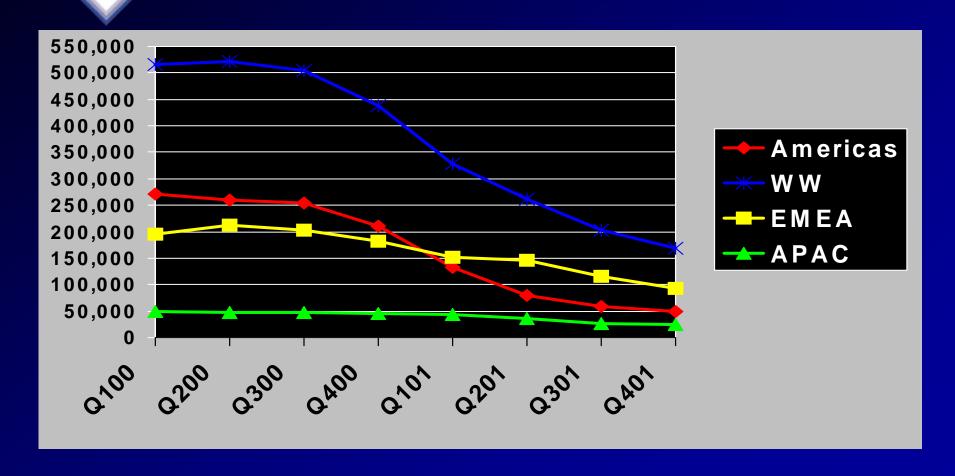


### 1997-1998: Version 8.0/8i

- Two HUGE years
- Oracle's strategy shifts toward the internet and browser based development.
- 1997 Oracle Application Server is introduced. Applications for web!
- Oracle is the FIRST web database.
- Oracle BI tools like Discoverer are introduced for data warehousing. Tools have native Java support.
- 1998 First major commercial RDBMS (Oracle8) ported to Linux.
- 1998 Applications 11 shipped.
- 1998 Oracle is the FIRST database with XML support.
- 1998 Oracle 8i released.
- Integrates Java/XML into development tools. Oracle is the first database with native Java support. 1999 OID direction with LDAP V3 2B entries with sub-second response time.



### Metalink Takes Off!



Phone TAR Volumes are decreasing at 20% a Quarter



# 2001: Version 9i: Unbreakable & RAC



## Unbreakable

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#### Can't break in.

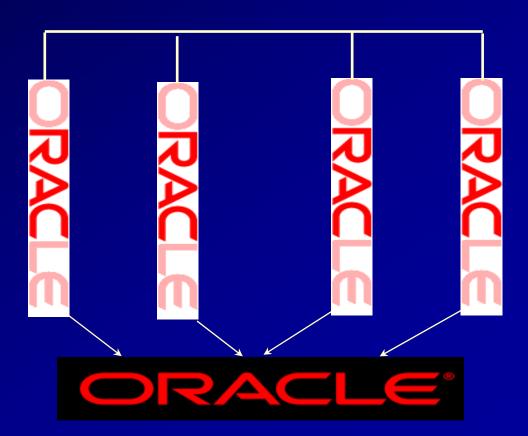
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## 2000-2002: Version 9.0 - 9i (9.2)

- 2001 Oracle9i (9.1) released
- 2000 Oracle9i Application Server released at Oracle becomes the first database with middle-tier cache.
- Oracle launches E-Business Suite
- Wireless database with OracleMobile
- Oracle9i Application Server Wireless and Internet File System (iFS).
- Oracle is the first database with Real Application Clusters (RAC)
- 2001 Oracle announces it saved \$1B USD using its applications
- 2002 Oracle9i Release 2 (9.2) released

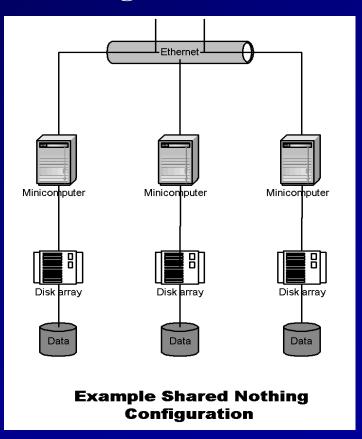


IBM drove the Shared Nothing Architecture in its

cluster solution.

- Others that use this\*:
  - Teradata
  - Netezza
  - Google

\* Wikipedia

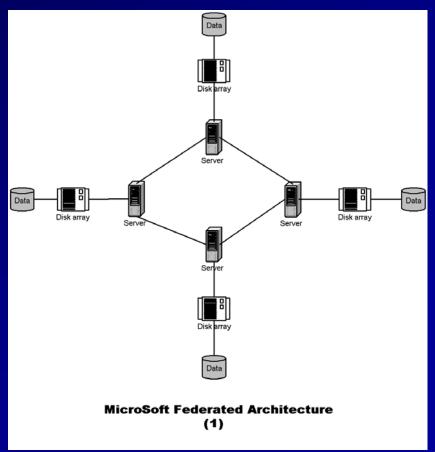




- Shared nothing architecture uses data partitioning where each server has independent memory and disk architectures
- The problems are:
  - Loss of a node loses that nodes data
  - Adding a node means the database must be re-organized
  - Backups are complex
  - Suffers from convoy effect (only as fast as the slowest member)
  - Requires complex two-phase commit architecture for referential integrity (similar to Oracle6)

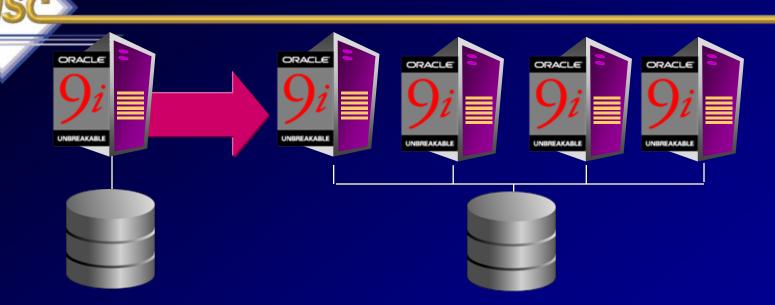


- Federated Databases (Microsoft based Architecture)
- Similar to shared-nothing





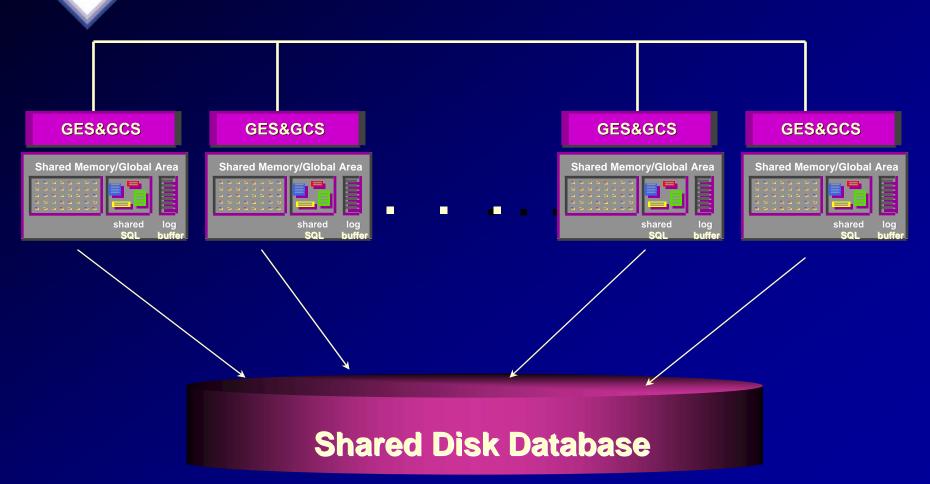
- Federated allows some limited failover capability
- Failover increases the load to the designated failover server
- Instead of data partitioning, each node maintains a copy of the *entire* database (similar to Oracle7)
- The databases are kept synchronized with complex data N-way replication architectures
- Has same limitations as shared-nothing for referential integrity
- Note: Microsoft also has a shared-nothing approach.



- Start small, grow incrementally
- Scalable AND highly available
- NO downtime to add servers and disk
- OPS was the beginning in Oracle6 for Digital only. In Oracle8i it was expanded to other platforms. OPS was 95% rewritten to RAC in Oracle9i & expanded for Grid Computing in 10g.

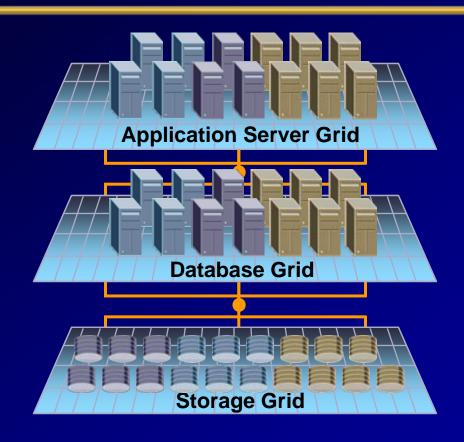


# Introduction to RAC Shared Data Model / Mega-SGA



## 2004: Version 10g Grid Computing





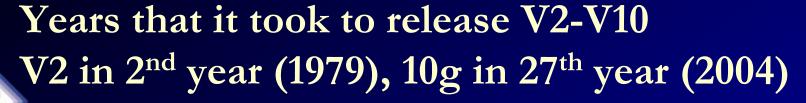
'Forrester estimates that there are more than 1,200 customers who are currently using RAC in production, and this is likely to double in the next 12-18 months...'

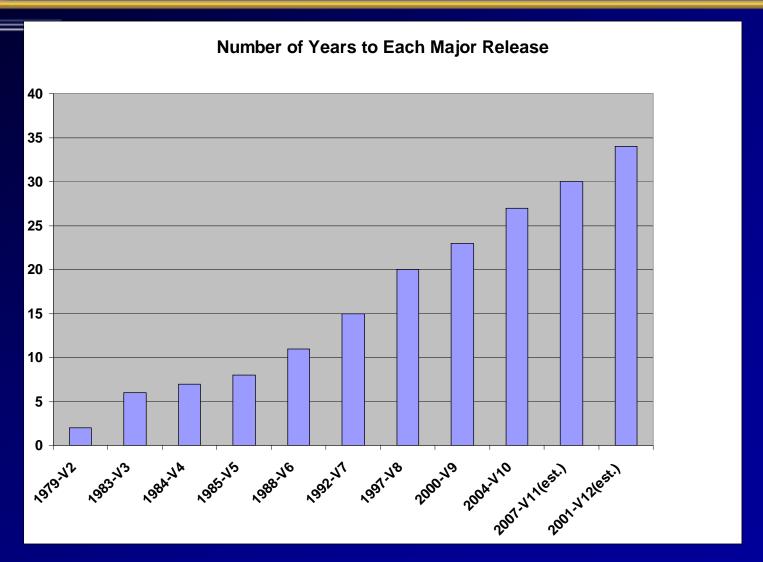
- Forrester, Oracle RAC Gains Momentum - 9/15/05



### **2004: Version 10g**

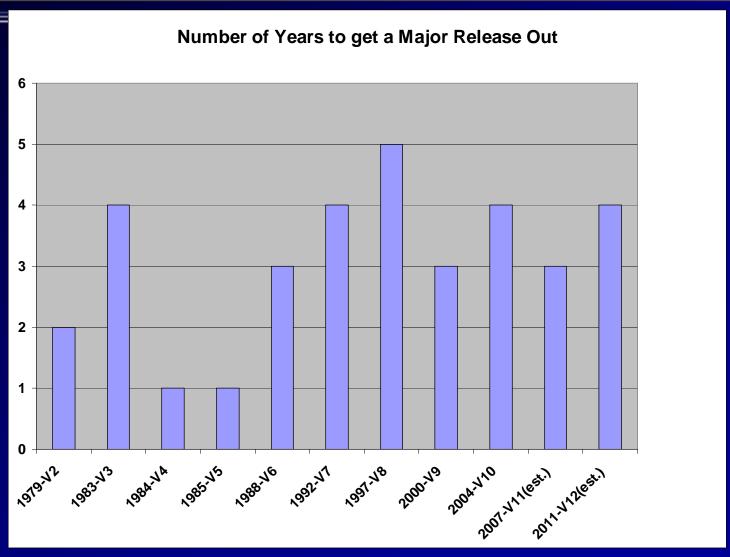
- Grid is the Focus
- Andy Mendelsohn is the database head (Heard about Oracle from Derry Kabcenell at MIT – came later from ESVEL)
- Many "key" developers are still with Oracle since version 5 or earlier.
- Automated Storage Manager (ASM) Introduced
- Flashback everything (Database, Table, Drop)
- Automatic Tuning and a great Enterprise Manager
- Recycle Bin
- Transportable tablespaces more flexible





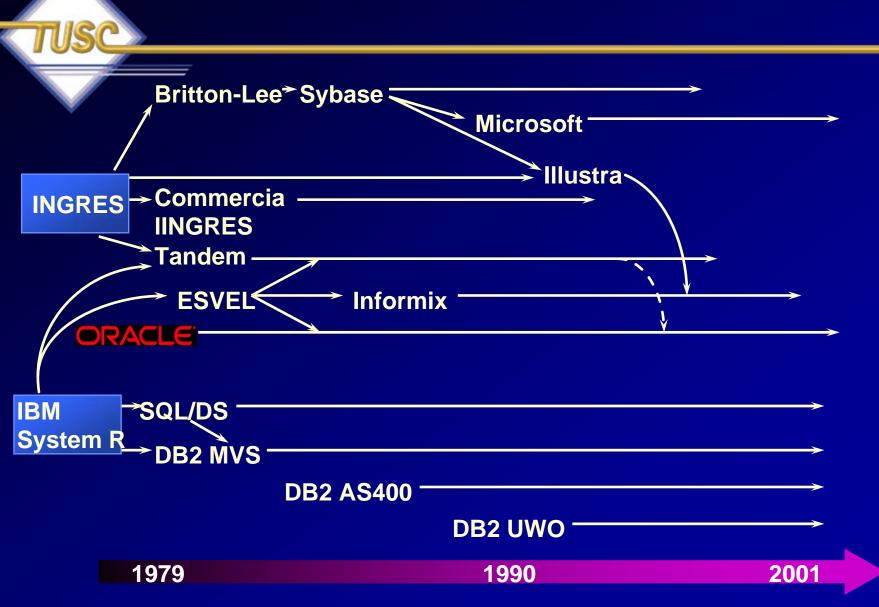
Note: V7.3 (1996) & V8i (1998)





Note: V7.3 (1996) & V8i (1998)

## Genealogy of Commercial Products



Source: Andrew Mendelsohn



I asked a lot of "Oracle Old Timers" (those with over a decade or so working with Oracle) on why Oracle Won the Database Market.



# Why did Oracle Win? Ordered by largest responses

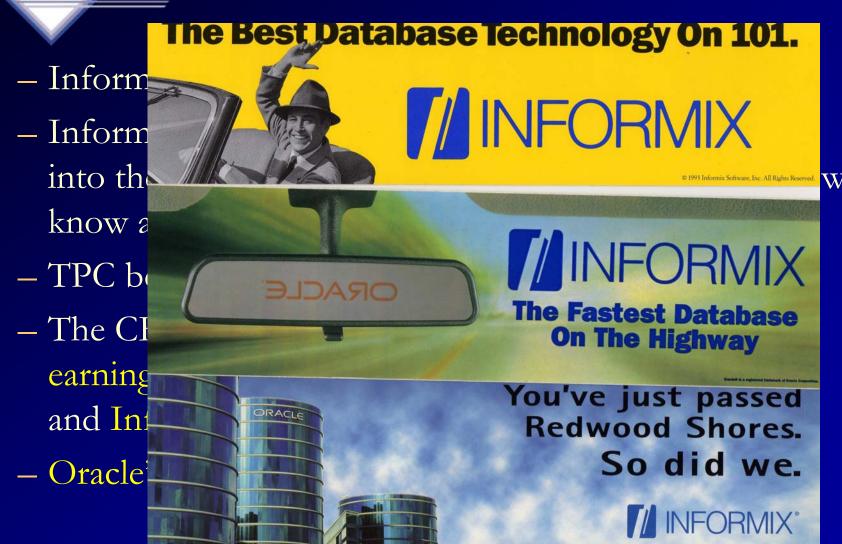
- Sales & Marketing
- Superior & Complete Product (specifically read consistency at a critical juncture)
- Larry Ellison initiative, drive and risk taking
- Many Partners especially UNIX partners
- Early support for client-server & distributed databases
- Solid kernel and superior locking scheme
- They fixed problems quickly & they never look back
- They were open: Multi-platform & UNIX early on
- Great recruiting, incentives (penalties) & HR benefits 63



# Why did Oracle Win? From a Sybase Observer

- I remember is that Oracle 7 was released around the same time as Sybase System X. Sybase was quickly gaining ground on Oracle, but System X was an absolute disaster. You had one archive log & you had to manually check and offload when it reached a certain threshold of fullness, no row-level locking, and you had to run database consistency checks (dbcc's) every night to ensure your database pointers were all intact (and oftentimes they were not). People quickly realized that Oracle was much more reliable and easier to administer, and developers loved the capabilities.

# Why did Oracle Win? From an Informix Observer





# Why did Oracle Win? From a DB2 Observer

I think DB/2 wasn't as big of a competitor because client/server technology was hot, and people wanted to move their skills away from mainframe technologies.
 DB/2 was certainly fast but lacked a lot of the features developers need, like outer joins. IDMS was (and maybe still is) many times faster than Oracle, but was difficult to create ad-hoc queries against the data.



# Why did Oracle Win? From a SQL Server Observer

- Microsoft was not interested in databases
- Microsoft was only about low cost (where they did win)
- They were not willing to be on anything but Windoze
- There is no "killer application" running on Windows
- SQL Server will feel the most pressure from open source databases in the next few years
- Of course Microsoft could get back in the game if they bought SAP.



- Completeness of the developer tools
  - PL/SQL, Forms, Reports, and now the Java tools.
- ADF framework for Java restores productivity lost with the advent of Java and its 2GL language.
- Oracle supplies the complete toolset for Java development
- Oracle seems to be in tune with how its database product is being used in the real world
- 90% of the time Oracle can do it, and it can do so with features and capabilities that already in existence.
- Very rarely must client look beyond the Oracle products



# Why did Oracle Win? My Reasons...

- Oracle is First at everything
  - First Relational, 32-bit, 64-bit, client/server, browser based apps, Web database, first to 30K TPC, first to 100K TPC, RAC/Grid
- Oracle creates the bend in the road (other vendors build products around Oracle's/Larry's vision)
- Oracle technology is better at the block level (record level locking and manipulation of data)
- Owns the top meaningful benchmarks (owns every top TPC-H benchmark 300G+)



- Simplifies & Consolidates IT (two of the top CEO/CIO priorities every year)
- Multiple choices even within Oracle
  - Forms, Portal, JDev, HTML-DB, OWB, Reports, Discoverer
- Technology stack covers everything
  - Grid Control, Data Guard, Flashback, Online Redefinition, Storage (ASM), HA is solid!
- Apps stack covers everything including several hundred products (Financials, Manufacturing HR & CRM to name a few). Starting to take Verticals!



- Productivity Tools (Enterprise Manager, Work Flow products, Packaged Applications)
- Recruiting at top universities
- Maintains an operating margin between 30 and 40% and will do this for acquired companies as well (Wall Street Darling)
- Listens to customers via user groups and CABs as well as regularly surveying customers
- Great Users Groups (international, national, regional, local, SIGs)



- It's not about the database anymore, now it's about the Applications. When it is about the database, security and high availability are issues where Oracle excels.
- Made acquisitions at the right time in the market
- Oracle has Great Developers who love what they do
- Oracle has Great Sales & Marketing that's maturing
- I believe Oracle will do well with or without Larry down the road, but Larry's creative mind and risk taking is not as easy to replicate in a Fortune 500 CEO. Other CEO's might be too willing to benefit Wall Street first versus benefit Oracle (long term). It would be a loss. 72



# Future Market Direction – Why Oracle Wins: Continued Consolidation



"I think there is a world market for maybe 5 computers."

- Thomas Watson, IBM Chairman 43



# Oracle DB 10g ULDB – Store ALL Your Data

 Database size limit raised to is 8 Exabytes (8 EB), which is 8 million Terabytes

5 Exabytes (5 EB)= Every word ever spoken!

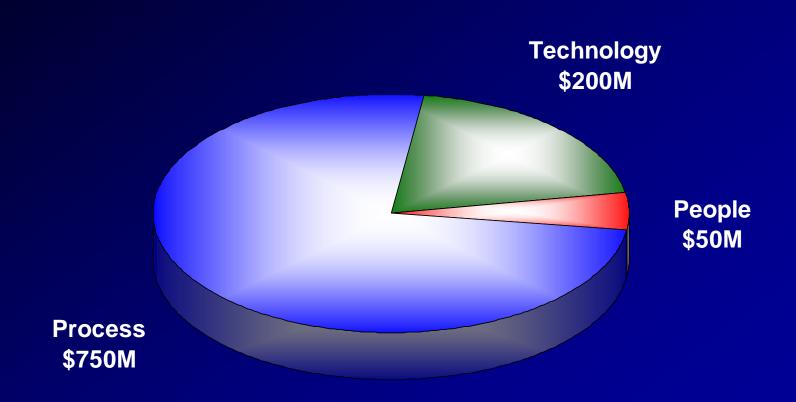
8-12 Petabytes (.012 EB) = Entire Internet

### In ONE oracle Database you could fit:

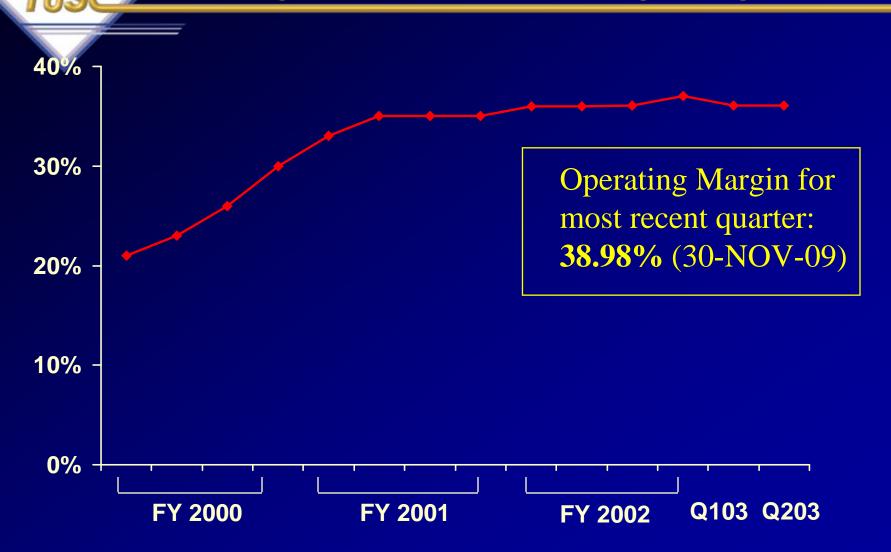
- 1000 Internets (8P each) or
- 400,000 Libraries of Congress
   (20T each and 17-18 million books in each) or
- 2 Billion DVD Movies on CD (4 G each) or
- 1 Mount Everest filled with Documents (approx.)



# How Oracle saved \$1B: CONSOLIDATION! & Process



# Operating Margin Improvement Trailing 12 Month Operating Margin Trend



**Note: Oracle Corporation - Ending November 2002** 

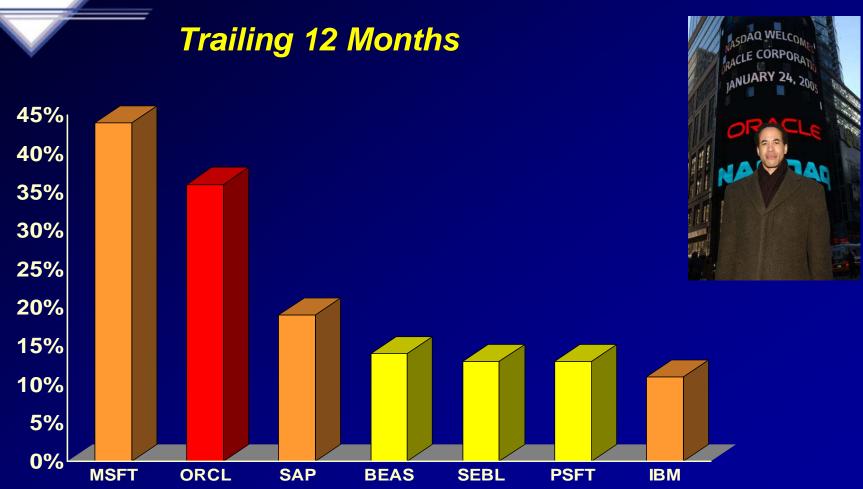


# I saw this in a Jeff Henley Talk in 2003





# I saw this in a Jeff Henley Talk in 2003







### Future Goal is to do this for Others:

### Oracle and PeopleSoft – Better Together







### Oracle Agrees to Buy Siebel

- → Vaults Oracle to #1 in Customer Relationship Management
- → Together Oracle and Siebel will be our customers' most valued partner

Rule 425 Disclosure



### Not to be confused with... Fusion Middleware Acquisitions:







# Oracle gets Sun: Java, MySQL, Solaris, OpenOffice, Hardware, Storage Tech



Oracle-Sun deal renews calls for OpenOffice.org's independence

## Future Trends – Open Source Presence



Makers of Berkeley DB



Berkeley DB is the leading open source developer database in the world with over 200 million deployments







JBoss - Guess Not! BEA Instead!



## Future Trends – Open Source Presence





BUSINESS INNOVATION POWERED BY TECHNOLOGY

NEWS WINDOWS

SECURITY

OUTSOURCING

INTERNET

SOFTWARE

News Tech Center: Breaking News • Blog • Columns • Product Reviews • Current Prin • Read All Stories

### **MySQL Switches Storage Engines**

The popular open-source DBMS will now use the SolidDB as its storage engine. Oracle acquired the Innobase technology MySQL had been using before.

By <u>Barbara Darrow</u> CRN

Apr 17, 2006 06:01 AM





#### bizjournals.com

### Red Hat to buy JBoss for up to \$420M

Monday April 10, 10:35 am ET

Red Hat Inc. on Monday said it plans to purchase a software firm in a cash-and-stock deal worth as much as \$420 million.

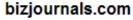
The Raleigh-based Linux provider, which posted fiscal 2006 revenue of about \$230 million, has signed an agreement to buy JBoss for \$350 million up front, plus as much as \$70 million in performance-based milestone payments.

## Future Trends - Open Source Presence

bizjournals.com

### Report: Oracle mulled, rejected Novell purchase

Monday April 17, 1:05 pm ET



### Oracle may launch a version of Linux

Monday April 17, 2:35 pm ET

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Orac

### Oracle CEO targets Red Hat with half-price offer

Wed Oct 25, 2006 4:44pm ET

By AP

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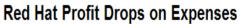
### Oracle said to be planning support for open source MySQL

redhat.

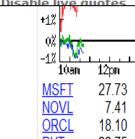
Red Hat Profit Drops

Thursday March 29, 9:41 pm ET

By Mike Baker, Associated Press Writer



RALEIGH, N.C. (AP) -- Red Hat Inc. posted a profit decline of 25 percent and failed to meet analyst expectations for revenue Thursday, compounding earlier fears that colossal competitors may bully the budding Linux provider.



### **View Detailed Quotes**

+0.20

-0.03

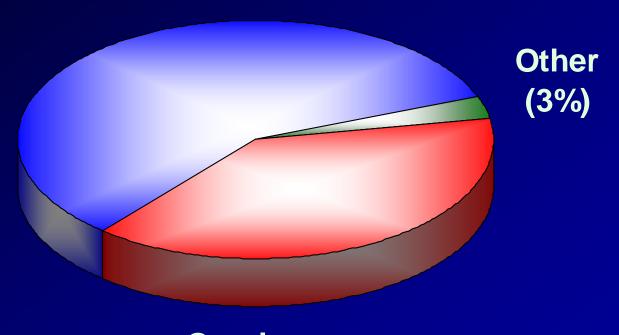
-0.18

Delayed 20 mins Providers - Disclaimer



## Commercial Linux Database Market 2002



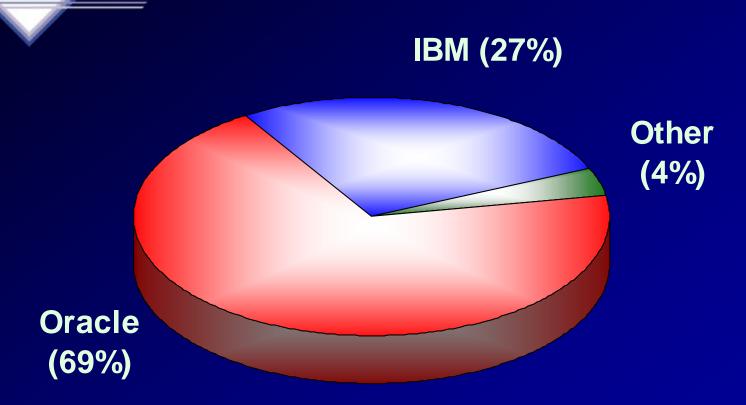


**Oracle** (39%)

Source: Gartner, May 2005

# TUSC

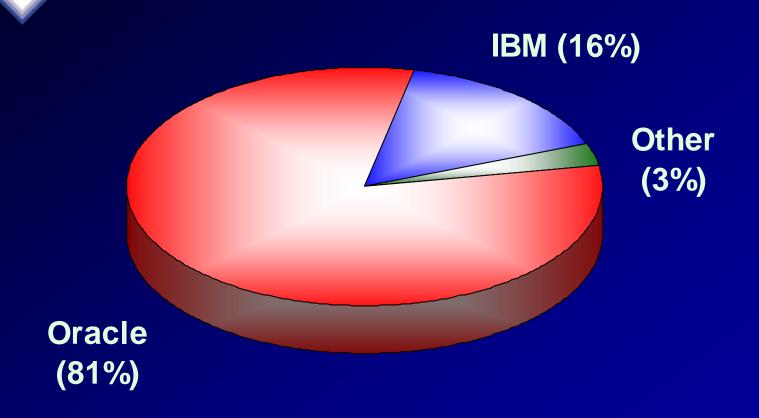
## Commercial Linux Database Market 2003



Source: Gartner, May 2005



## Commercial Linux Database Market 2004



Source: Gartner, May 2005

## Enterprise Manager for the Grid **Grid Control**

### Host and **Hardware**



### Network and **Load Balancer**

Alarte



Alerta		
Metric	Transaction	Severity
Packets Dropped (%)	mail.us.oracle.com	€3
Status	mail.us.oracle.com	Ø

### **Database**

State		
Active Sessions SQL Response Time (%)	Ø	<u>19</u> 83.87
Bad SQL Top SQL Report Duplicate SQL Latest Alert Log Entry	<ul><li>3</li><li>4</li></ul>	(compared to baseline) 11 238 738 No ORA- errors

**Administration Monitoring Provisioning Security** 

### Oracle9iAS



Home	Application	Yebsites	Performance		
View To	p Application	s by Average S	Serviel/JSP Process	ng.Time 💌	
Name	OCAJ Instance	Total Processing Time (seconds)	Serviet/ISP Processing Time	Serviet/ISP Requests Processed	Service Proce Time (sec
hrapp	home	167.26	12.69	-11	- 4
default	home	662.77	0.17	3 235	5
	harrier.	10000	Alleger Links	1 beautiful state	Hanne



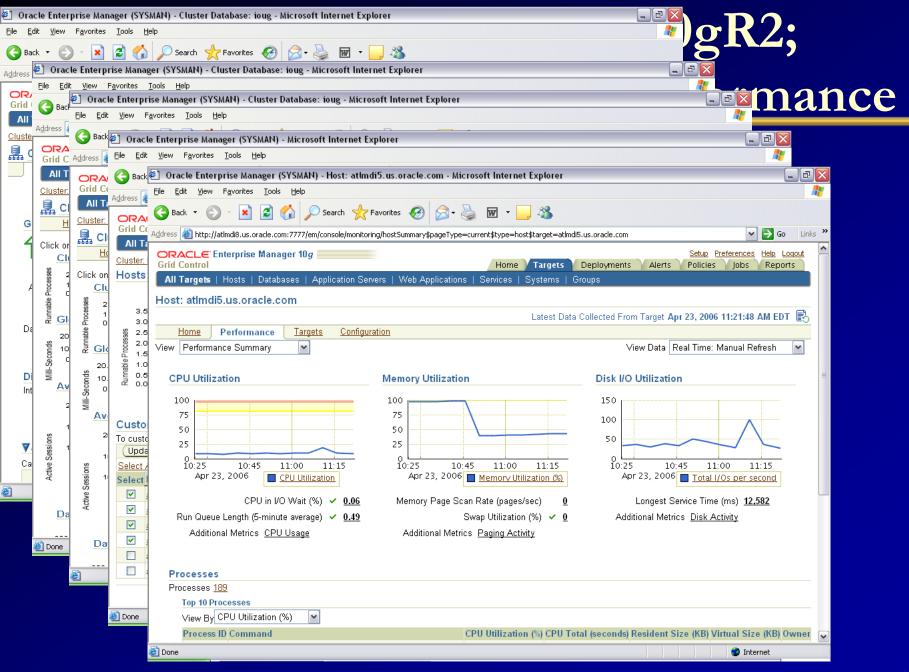
Enterprise Manager

**Applications** 

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**Storage** 

States	Name	Volume	Tend(G8)	ther(GB)	Used (S)	
0	slot3	6104	60.0	58.62		98.03
0	edw_top	apptop04	250.0	231.48		92.59
1	local backup	backupD4	250.0	219.68		87.87
(I)	loum_top	apptop04	350.0	290.05		85.39
3	slet1	eb04	60.0	48.51	v.	80.85
3	slet2	6104	60.0	47.92		79.87
3	stot4	6604	60.0	47.66		79.41
9	anbackup	tackup04	100.0	62.67		62.67
3	ap981 sun	apphop04	50.0	26.3		52.61
100	Albert Lines	akkashora		200.00		_





# Future Competitors – Continuation of Open Source Movement



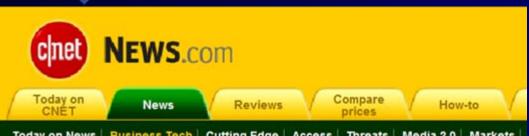
"The pure and simple truth is rarely pure and never simple."

— Oscar Wilde



# Ingres 9.2 – Today (Focus is on FREE)

## **INGRES**



Today on News | Business Tech | Cutting Edge | Access | Threats | Media 2.0 | Markets

Search:

### CA sets Ingres database free

By Martin LaMonica

Staff Writer, CNET News.com

Published: November 1, 2004, 8:03 AM PST

TalkBack E-mail Print

Computer Associates International on Monday kicked off its entry into open-source software with the release of its Ingres r3 database.

The company said that Ingres r3 for Linux and Windows is available under an open-source license called CA Trusted Open Source License. The license allows others to view the source code of the database, download the software for free, and incorporate it into other software bundles that are licensed under CA's open-source license.

(In Redwood City)
Mike Rocha
Notable Board Member





Michael Stonebraker
Teaching at MIT &
CTO of Vertica



# Ingres – Tomorrow (Post-Ingres) Postgres (The Elephant in the Room)

**PostgreS** 

### Focus is on Features (V6/V7.3 Oracle)

### What's New in 8.1/8.3:

- Database Roles added
- Two-Phase Commit (2PC): allows ACID-compliant transactions across WAN.
- **Bitmap Scan:** indexes dynamically converted to bitmaps in memory when appropriate.
- **Table Partitioning:** Constraint Exclusion Similar to the Table Partitioning
- Shared Row Locking: Shared locks will improve insert and update performance
- Integrated Autovacuum: PostgreSQL's database maintenance daemon improved
- Faster Aggregates: added indexing optimizations for MIN() and MAX().
- Checkpoint Writes can be spread out to eliminate I/O spike
- Large sequential scans no longer force out frequently used cached pages



## Postgres (The Elephant in the Room)

- Postgres is Oracle's best competitor from a feature standpoint and is a better competitor than DB2, SQL Server or MySQL (IMHO).
- Features are best open source comparison to Oracle
- Speed is still an issue some help in 8.3 far to go!
- Completeness seems to be another issue
- Support is an issue
- Not accelerating as fast as MySQL
- They are at a similar position in the market from a feature standpoint as Oracle was in the early 90's around 7.3
- It will be tough to close the gap.





## MySQL - Sun Product Mys







### What's New in 5.0& 6.0/Also 6.2 Cluster (looking ahead in 7.0/7.1):

- ACID Transactions & Stored Procedures in V5
- Triggers better & Views ensure information not compromised in V5
- Distributed Transactions complex transactions on multiple DBs V5
- Non-Blocking Backup Faster Subqueries & Better Diagnostics V6
- Foreign Keys Better Replication Auditing/Data Encryption V6.x
- Online Schema support (online create/drop index) in 6.2
  - Some Alter Table locking issues they say will be solved in next release
- MySQL Cluster on Windows (Alpha testing on 7.0)
- Backup Snapshots in MySQL Cluster NDB 7.0
- Clustering & connection pooling (Real time cluster monitor in 7.1)93



## **MySQL**



- MySQL is Oracle's best Open Source competitor from transaction performance standpoint.
- Oracle buying InnoDB is a severe blow.
- MySQL has the best customer list of open source DB's
- Speed is not as much of an issue as PostgreSQL
- Features are very lacking but accelerating with Sun
- Best for technically simple systems & simple clusters
- They are at a similar position in the market from a feature standpoint as Oracle was in the early 90's with V7
- It will probably not close the feature gap, but may not even try as the goal may be pure speed for simple applications and clustering and monitoring support.



## DB2 UDB 8.2 / 9.5



• DB2 UDB 8.2 Enterprise Server Edition (ESE) is designed to meet the relational database server needs of mid- to large-size businesses. It can be deployed on Linux, UNIX, or Windows servers of any size, from one CPU to hundreds of CPUs. DB2 ESE is an ideal foundation... ISVs building... Business Intelligence, Content Management, e-Commerce, ERP, CRM, or SCM. Additionally, DB2 ESE offers connectivity, compatibility, and integration with other enterprise DB2 and Informix data sources.





## **DB2 UDB** 8.2 / 9.5



### Focus on the business vs. features (Oracle8i/9i)

- Close to Oracle 8i / 9i Perhaps Oracle's closest feature competitor that is always moving forward.
- At one time was ahead of Oracle with its intelligent optimizer
- Focus still more the hardware vs. software & Business Apps
- Integration of WebSphere often noted
- O/S Support now includes AIX, HP UX, Linux, Solaris and Windows (who would've thought).
- Hosting/Outsourcing is also a focus (give all of IT to them)
- Restart Backup Stats on Views Both in 9.0
- Nice Optimizer improvements in 9.5
- Compression & Partitioning improvements in 9.5



## SQL Server 2008



### Focus is on Xbox, Windows (Oracle 7/8i)

- I rarely ever hear Bill Gates or Steve Balmer mention the word database. BUT, the database improved a lot in SQL Server 2008
- Only runs on Windows- Has Virtualization (Linux someday?)
- When they are focused on something, they really do go after it completely, so you can never rule them out.
- Manageability, XML, BI and Availability are focus areas Table and Index partitioning added in Yukon 2005
- Non-blocking read operations in Yukon 2005
- Data Compression Transparent Data Encryptions in 2008
- Data Auditing Update Advisor Backup Compression in 2008
- Completely Self Tuning in 2010 so I hear...



# FREE Software but limited by hardware and/or development use.

Oracle Database 10g Express Edition (XE) – Uses 1 CPU, 1G RAM, 4G Database but can be installed on any size machine – only one database per computer.



• <u>SQL Server 2005 Express</u> – Maximum allows 1 CPU, 1G RAM, 4G Database.

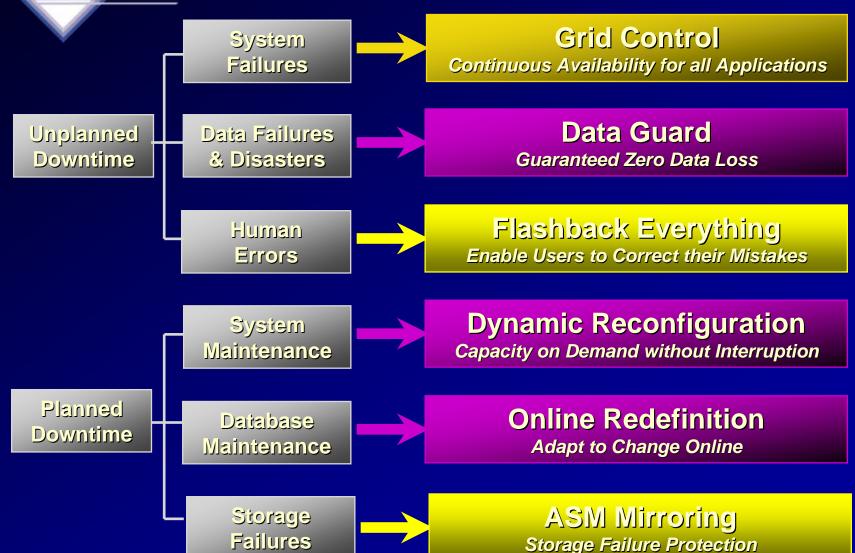


• <u>DB2 Express-C</u> – Development and limited production use – 2 CPU (or 2 dual-core CPUs), 4G RAM on Linux and Windows only. No database size limit.



## Oracle10g Database - ensures business information is always available





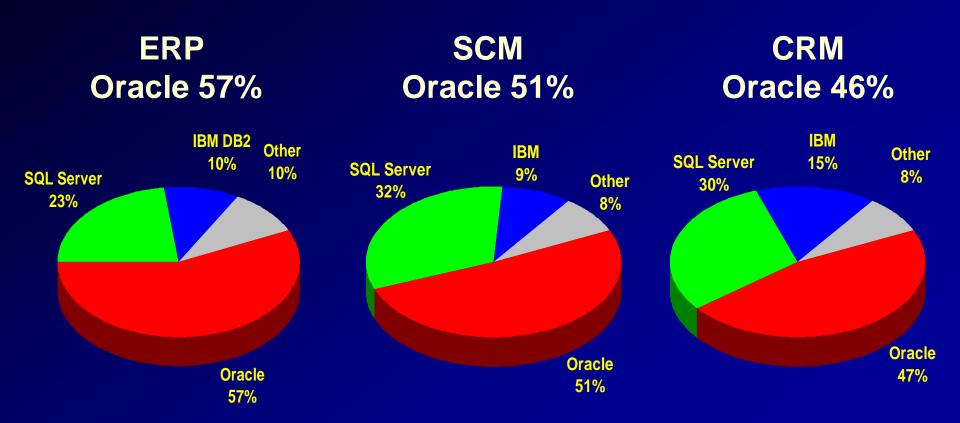
## Oracle Firsts – Innovation!

1979 First commercial SQL relational database management system 1983 First 32-bit mode RDBMS 1984 First database with read consistency 1987 First client-server database 1994 First commercial and multilevel secure database evaluations 1995 First 64-bit mode RDBMS 1996 First to break the 30,000 TPC-C barrier 1997 First Web database 1998 First Database - Native Java Support; Breaks 100,000 TPC-C 1998 First Commercial RDBMS ported to Linux 2000 First database with XML 2001 First middle-tier database cache 2001 First RDBMS with Real Application Clusters 2004 First **True Grid Database** 2005 First FREE Oracle Database (10g Express Edition) 2006 First Oracle Support for LINUX Offering 2007 Oracle 11g Released!

2008 Oracle Exadata Server Announced (Oracle buys BEA)

2009 Oracle buys SUN – Gets MySQL, Java, OpenOffice, Solaris

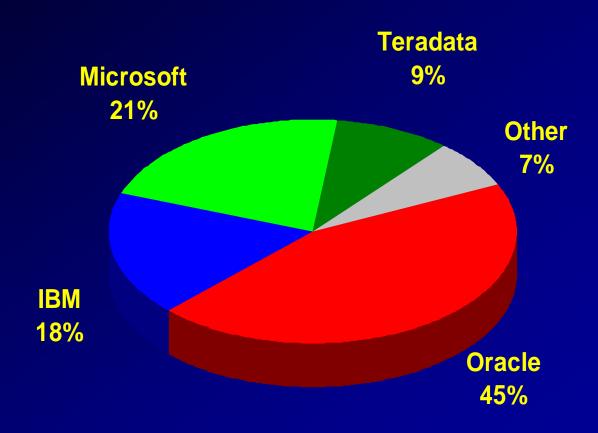
## Oracle #1 in Packaged Applications



Sources: The Enterprise Resource Planning Report, The Supply Chain Management Applications Report, The Custon Management Applications Report, 2003–2008 AMR June 2004



## Oracle #1 for Data Warehousing

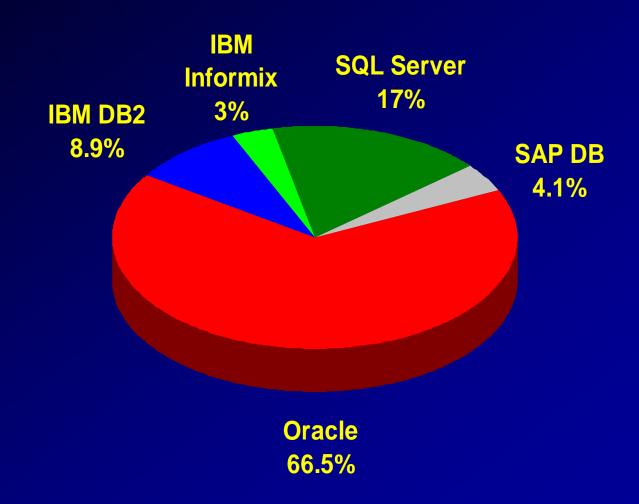


# BAM – Business Activity Monitoring Here comes the future of productivity!



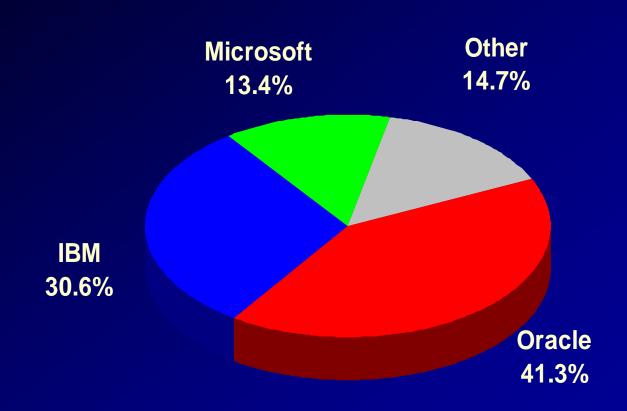


## Oracle #1 for SAP



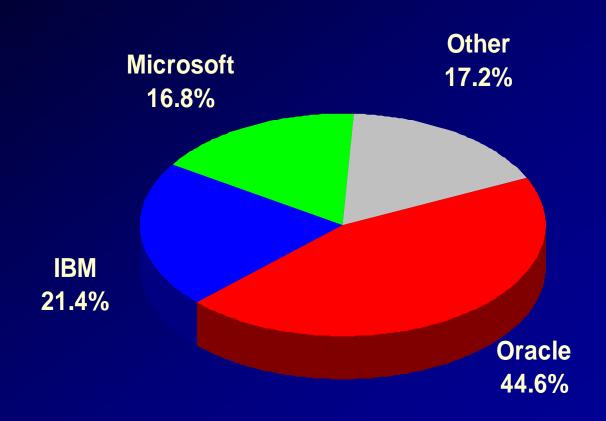


# Oracle: #1 Database in the World 2005 - IDC



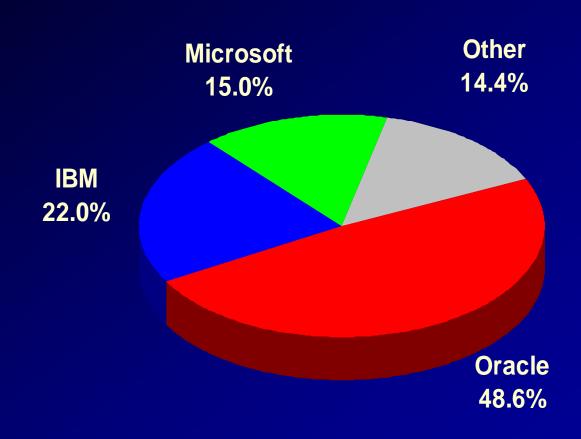


# Oracle: #1 Database in the World 2006 - IDC





# Oracle: #1 Database in the World 2006 - Gartner



## 2007: Version 11g



## Oracle and PeopleSoft – Better Together

Oracle Agrees to Buy Siebel



hare

Oracle to Acquire Enterprise Performance
Management Leader Hyperion

AP

### Oracle Offers \$6.7B for BEA Systems

Friday October 12, 4:27 pm ET By M' U.S. pusiness

BE/ Low

SAN buy E

New

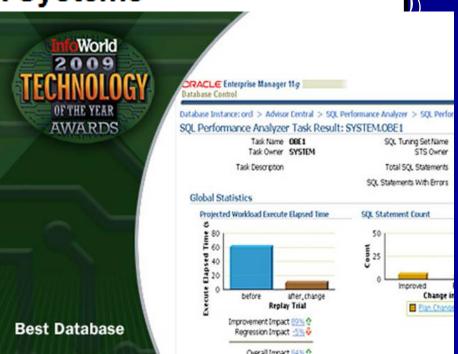
Acq

Oracle to buy Sun Micro

Deal comes after IBM abandoned its

Ap Associated Press updated 59 minutes ago

SAN FRANCISCO - Oracle Corp. snapped up computer server and software maker Sun Microsystems Inc. for \$7.4 billion Monday, pouncing on an opportunity that opened up after rival IBM Corp. abandoned an earlier bid buy one of Silicon Valley's best known — and most troubled — companies.





# The Future: 8 Exabytes Look what fits in one 10g Database!

- 2K A typewritten page
- 5M The complete works of Shakespeare
- 10M One minute of high fidelity sound
- 2T Information generated on YouTube in one day
- 10T 530,000,000 miles of bookshelves at the Library of Congress
- 20P All hard-disk drives in 1995 (or your database in 2010)
- 700P Data of 700,000 companies with Revenues less than \$200M
- 1E Combined Fortune 1000 company databases (average 1P each)
- 1E -Next 9000 world company databases (average 100T each)
- 8E Capacity of ONE Oracle10g Database (CURRENT)
- 12E to 16E Info generated before 1999 (memory resident in 64-bit)
- 16E Addressable memory with 64-bit (CURRENT)
- 161E New information in 2006 (mostly images not stored in DB)
- 1Z 1000E (Zettabyte Grains of sand on beaches -125 Oracle DBs)
- 100TY 100T-Yottabytes Addressable memory 128-bit (FUTURE)

## 8 Exabytes: Look what fits in one Oracle Database!

- Largest 1,000,000 Company Databases
- •1000 Internets (8P each)

01

Or

Or

- 400,000 Libraries of Congress (20T each and 17-18 million books in each)
- 2 Billion Movies on CD (4 G each)
- 8 Billion Pickup Trucks of Documents (1G each)
- 1 Mount Everest filled with Documents (approx.)



### Summary



- The Paper that started it all E. F. Codd
- System-R & Ingres
- Oracle is Founded as SDL
- V1-V11g
- Why did Oracle win?
- Future market direction
- Summary

## Thanks for Coming!



# Oracle is never caught from behind Oracle's 33<sup>rd</sup> Anniversary in 2010

- Great Sales/Marketing
- Great Database
- Applications Leader
- BI Leader
- Already in the lead
- GAME OVER









#### A Diverse Team is Oracle's Secret!

"Larry Ellison is the genius behind Oracle, the company, Bob Miner was the genius behind Oracle, the product. The combination of the diverse team Oracle has had over the years is the secret of their success!"

- Rich Niemiec, Select Magazine, 2001





"The strength of the team is each individual member...the strength of each member is the team."

--Phil Jackson



# www.tusc.com rich@tusc.com

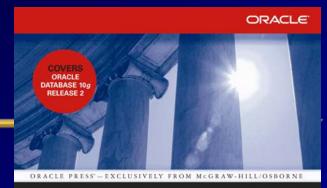




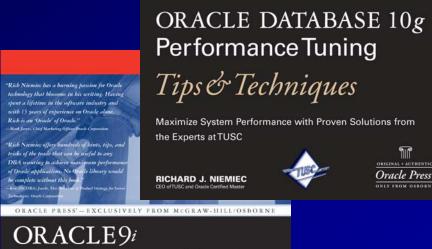
"Success usually comes to those that are too busy to be looking for it."

- Henry David Thoreau

#### For More Information



- www.tusc.com
- Oracle9i Performance
  Tuning Tips &
  Techniques; Richard J.
  Niemiec; Oracle Press
  (May 2003)
- Oracle 10g Tuning (Early 2007)



Oracle Press

**Performance Tuning** 

Maximize System Performance and Improve Response Time

JOSEPH C. TREZZO

Tips & Techniques

Best Practices from the Oracle Experts at TUSC

RICHARD J. NIEMIEC

History of Oracle is in the Introduction of this book...



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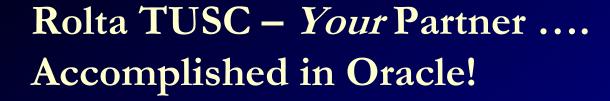
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#### 2008 Oracle Partner of the Year (Titan)



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# Rich's Overview (rich@tusc.com)



- President Rolta EICT International
- President of Rolta TUSC A Rolta Company:
  - Inc. 500 Company (Fastest Growing 500 Private Companies)
  - 10 Offices in the United States (U.S.); Based in Chicago
  - Oracle Advantage Partner in Tech & Applications
- Author (3 Oracle Best Sellers #1 Tuning Book for a Decade):
  - Oracle Performing Tips & Techniques (Covers Oracle 7 & 8i)
  - Oracle9i Performance Tips & Techniques
  - Oracle Database 10g Performance Tips & Techniques
- Former President of the International Oracle Users Group
- Current President of the Midwest Oracle Users Group
- Chicago Entrepreneur Hall of Fame 1998
- Entrepreneur of the Year & National Hall of Fame 2001
- IOUG Top Speaker in 1991, 1994, 1997, 2001, 2006, 2007
- MOUG Top Speaker Twelve Times
- National Trio Achiever award 2006
- Oracle Certified Master & Oracle Ace Director
- Purdue Outstanding Electrical & Computer and Engineer 2007





